## Transferable Development Rights (TDR)

### A Tool to Balance Conservation & Growth

John Theilacker, AICP Brandywine Conservancy

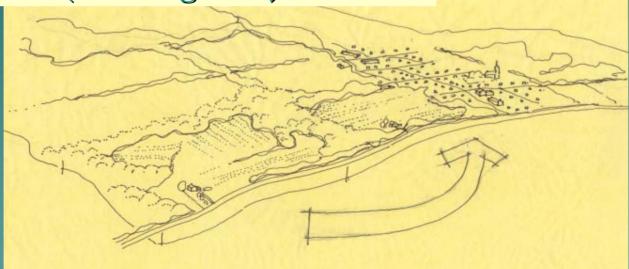
Session F1 – Municipal Protection of Land and Water Resources PLCC/C 2009

May 8, 2009

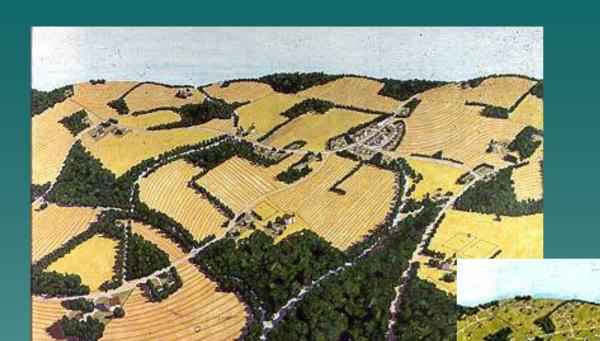


### Transferable Development Rights (TDR)

Landowners in one area (sending zone) may sever and sell their development rights to landowners or developers in another area (receiving zone).



Land from which the development rights are sold is permanently protected while land where the sold development rights are applied is enhanced in development value.



Why TDR?

Conventional zoning often seems to be a prescription for Sprawl!

Where development pressure may ultimately prevail, TDR can offer one more tool to achieve a preferred landscape . . .



### TDR – A Unique Tool!







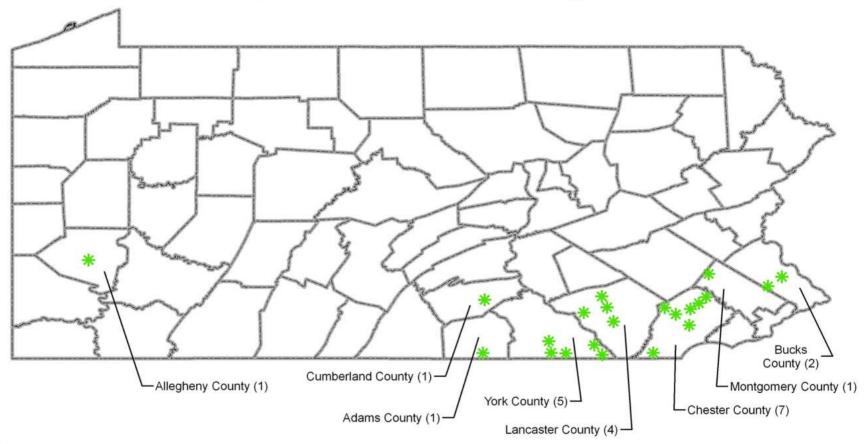
TDRs are established by regulation, but are driven by the real estate market

#### Other TDR tool benefits

- → TDRs can help stretch public dollars private market finance
- → TDRs are a "non-structural" BMP for watershed management
- Mix and match with other tools (Growing Greener, effective ag. zoning, conservation easements)
- Revenues generated through Act 153 (open space referendum) can be applied to TDR purchase

#### Transfer of Development Rights in Pennsylvania

Municipalities with Active TDR Programs





#### **Brandywine Conservancy**

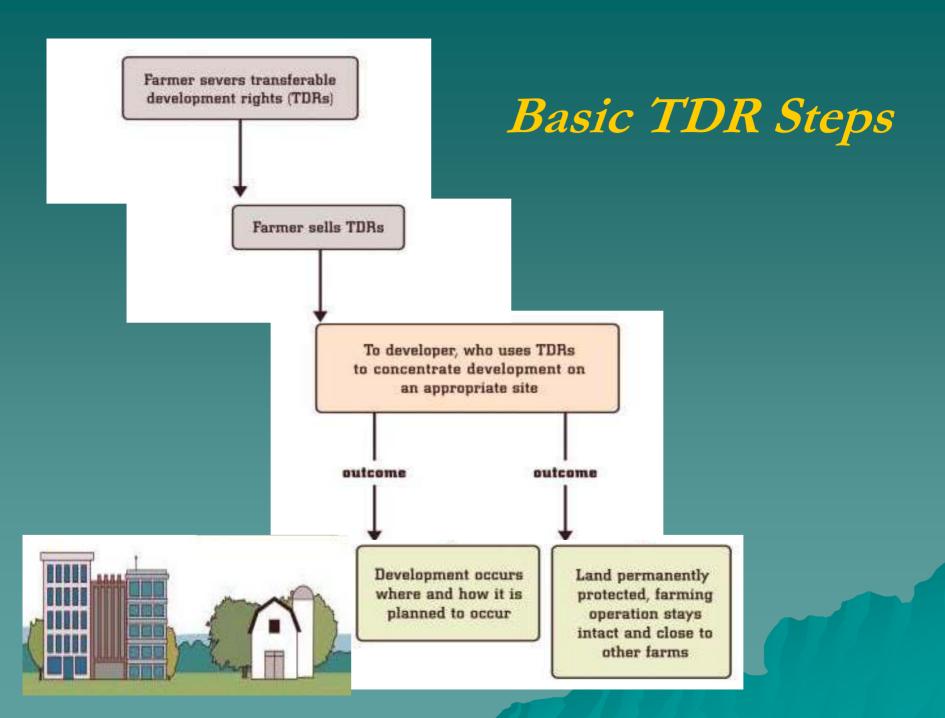
#### Environmental Management Center P. O. Box 141 Chadds Ford, Pennsylvania 19317 (610) 388-2700

Data Sources: Pennsylvania county boundaries from PASDA, 2006 TDR program location based on information provided in: Brookings, 2004; Pruetz, 2003: Brandywine Conservancy, 2003: and Brandywine Conservancy

Map Created: March 12, 2007 (KPA) Revised: May 6, 2009

Projection: GCS\_North\_American\_1983





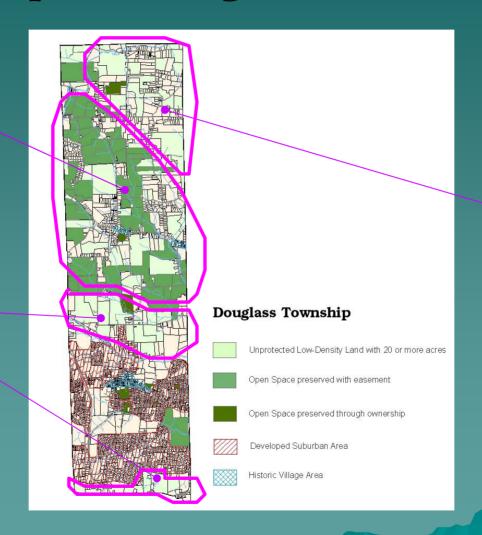
### Key TDR Implementation Issues

- ◆ Enable TDR through Zoning Amendment
- Determine Sending Area Qualifications
- **♦** Determine Calculation of TDRs
- Establish procedure for Severance of TDRs
- Set requirement for Permanent Restriction of Sending parcel(s)
- Establish Receiving Area Qualifications
- Set up Provisions for Receipt of TDRs

# Douglass Township, Montgomery County Sample Sending Area Definition

Core Farming Area

Gilbertsville Greenbelt



Wooded Highlands

### West Hempfield Township, Lancaster County

### Targeting the sending zones



Green & tan
areas have high
agricultural,
natural, and
scenic resource
values, and are
outside defined
growth areas.

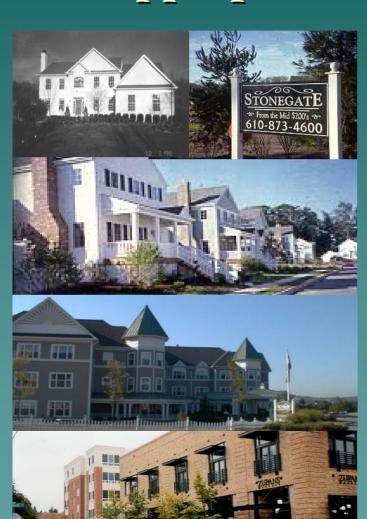
### West Bradford Township, Chester County



Both sending and receiving sites defined by qualifications



## Can Community Vision focus on appropriate "Receiving" areas?



• Suburban development at increased densities?

• "Neo-Traditional" development

• Special Uses such as retirement communities or life-care

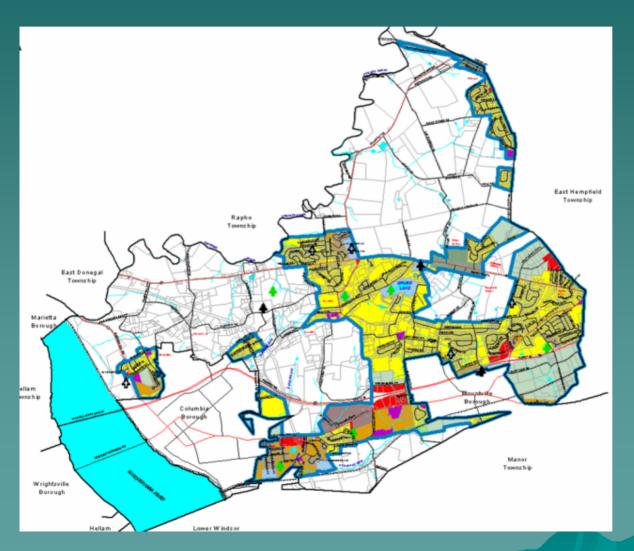
• Non residential receiving uses

# Douglass Township, Montgomery County Sample Receiving Area Definition

**Douglass Township** Unprotected Low-Density Land with 20 or more acres Open Space preserved with easement Open Space preserved through ownership Developed Suburban Area Historic Village Area

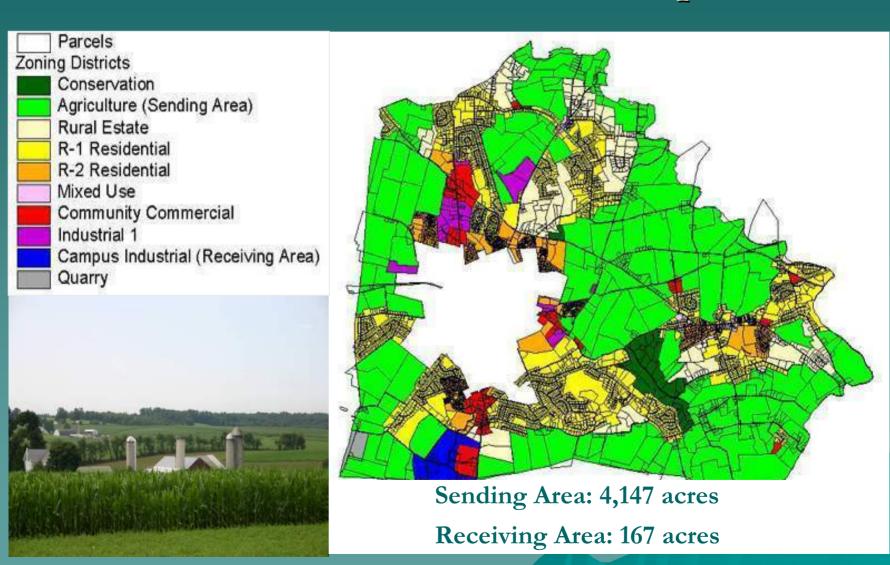
Gilbertsville Growth Area Township is considering additional growth in the Gilbertsville Area

# West Hempfield Township, Lancaster County Receiving Area defined geographically



Yellow, red, and gray areas inside defined growth areas can support modest amounts of new development

## Warwick Township, Lancaster County Non-Residential TDR Receipt



### Warwick Township, Lancaster County

### Program Highlights through April 2009

- 583 TDRs severed
- 278 TDRs transferred
- Warwick cooperates with

County Ag. Preserve Board &

Lancaster Farmland Trust.



### Preserved Farms since 1997

- 2,528 total acres have been preserved
- 1,184 acres preserved through TDRs

### Warwick Township Development Receiving TDRs

Campus Industrial development



Additional Annual School Tax Revenues = \$544,000.00

# The end result..... TDRs have preserved...









### Hereford Township, Berks County

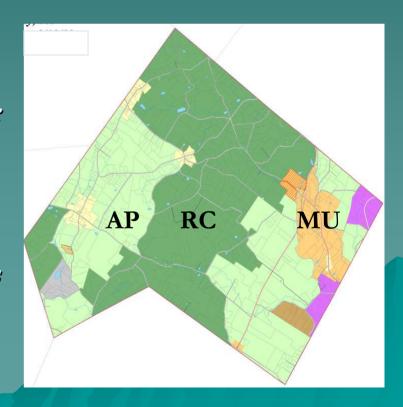
### Multi-Faceted TDR Program

- ♦ Sending areas comprise AP and RC zoning districts
- ♦ One TDR per 2 ac. AP, 4 ac. RC
- ♦ Single-family residential receipt in RC
- ♦ Mixed-use receipt in MU district at highway junction



Program Objectives:

- 1) preserve farmland
- 2) preserve watersheds
- 3) manage growth



### Hereford Township, Berks County

### Mixed-Use Receipt of TDRs

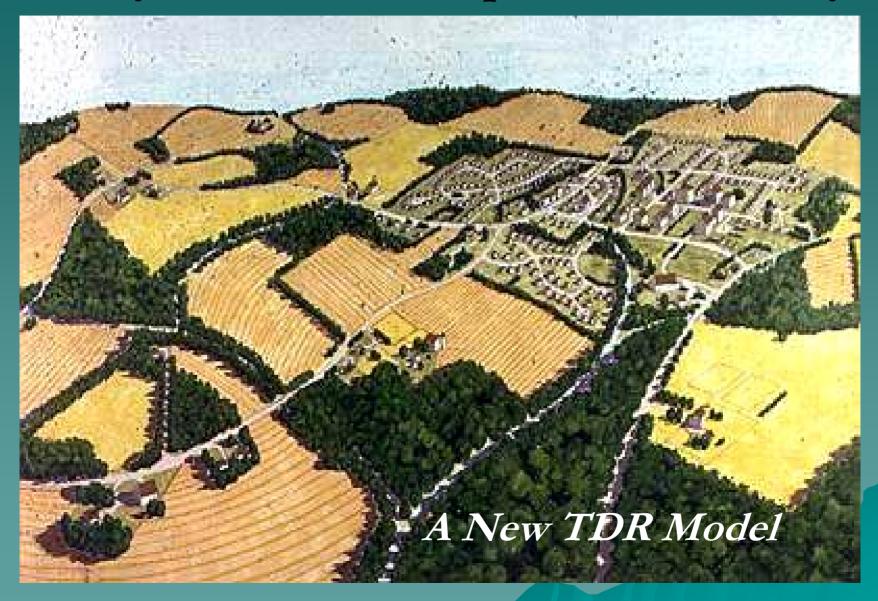
- More than single principal use requires 1 TDR per use
- ◆ TDRs also allow increased floor area, impervious coverage and height; 1 TDR = 4,000 sf

→ TDRs afford density increases for multi-family and CCRC

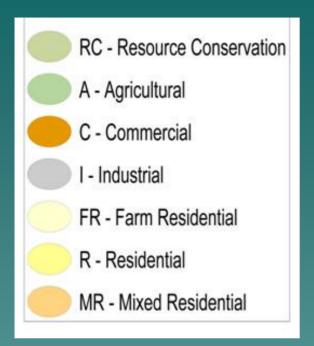




### Honey Brook Township, Chester County

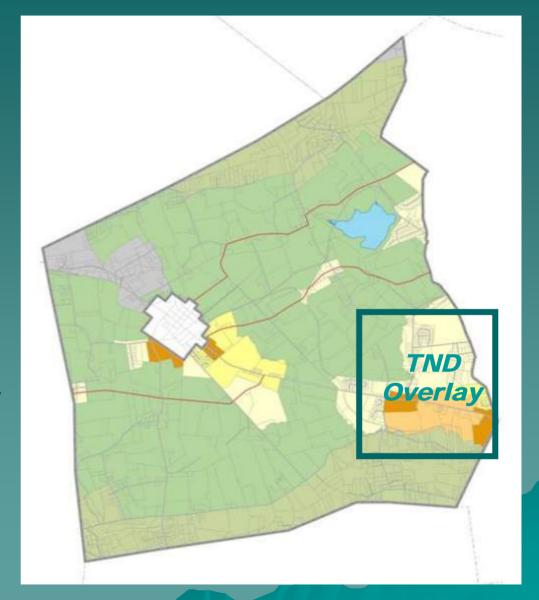


### Honey Brook Township Zoning



Ag zone is sending area

TND overlay is key receiving area, with both residential and non-residential receipt



# Rocklyn Station New Town: Combination of TDR and Traditional Neighborhood Development (TND) tools

- ◆ Implemented through TND Overlay & Official Map;
- Developer incentives linked to form-based zoning;
- ◆ TDR purchase required;
- Enhances development quality, insures compatible character;
- ♦ Establishes a clear process for successful outcomes.











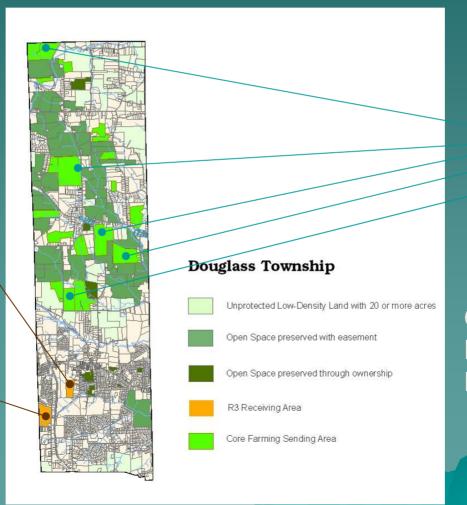
## Douglass Township, Montgomery County Possible TDR Scenario

R-3 Receiving Area and Farmland Sending Area





New Development in R3 Area



1020 Acres
Preserved
through TDRs!

Other
Preservation
Efforts Continue

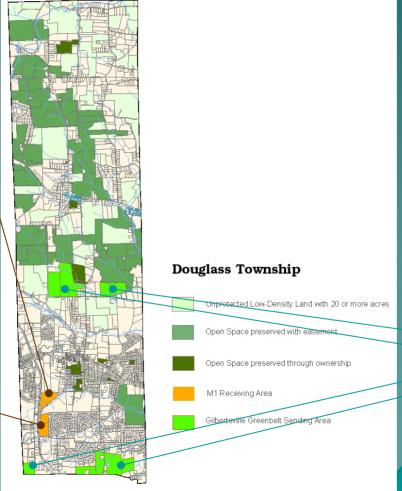
### Douglass Township, Montgomery County Possible TDR Scenario

M1 Receiving Area and Gilbertsville Greenbelt Sending Area





New Development in M1 Area



Other
Preservation
Efforts Continue

370 Acres
Preserved
through TDRs!

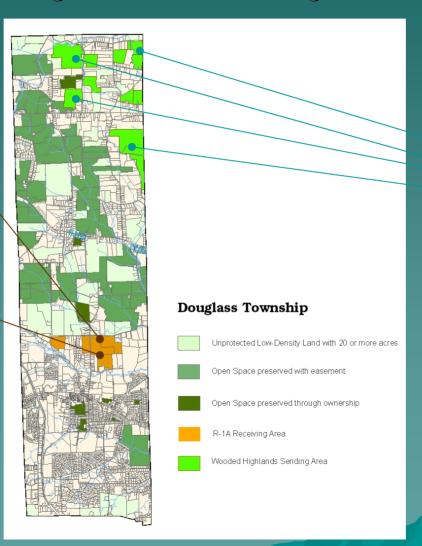
## Douglass Township, Montgomery County Possible TDR Scenario

R-1A Receiving Area and Wooded Highlands Sending Area





New Development in R-1A Area



530 Acres
Preserved
through TDRs!

Other Preservation Efforts Continue

## Douglass Township, Montgomery County Potential TDR Success!

- Could preserve nearly 2,000 acres
- Farmland, woodlands, and greenbelt could be preserved
- Growth in GilbertsvilleArea





### Success Factor: Extra Density Only By TDR



TDR often fails if developers can exceed base density:

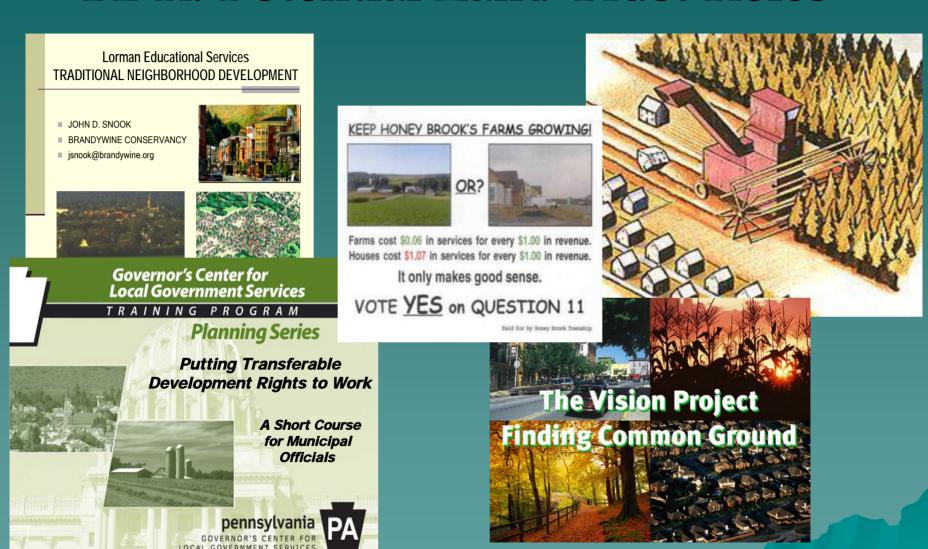
- By using non-TDR procedures like clustering
- By providing on-site amenities
- By requesting and receiving rezonings without TDR



#### In contrast:

- Some TDR Ordinances only allow extra density with TDR
- Some offer significantly more density via TDR than with other development options

### TDR: Potential Land Trust Roles



Land Trust as Advocate

### TDR: Potential Land Trust Roles



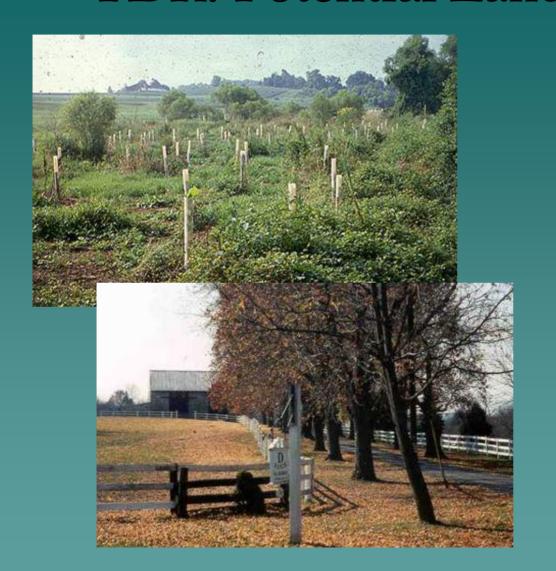
Land Trust accepted conservation easement as means to secure permanent preservation of sending parcels

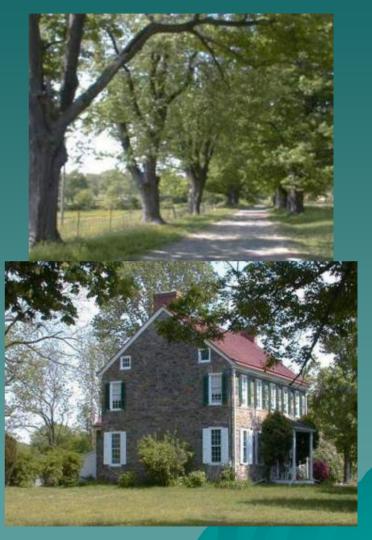
Land Trust prepared implementing ordinance and documentation for municipality

Density doubled in Receiving Area defined by availability of infrastructure.

Land Trust as Preservation Partner

### TDR: Potential Land Trust Roles





Land Trust as Land Steward



### TDR Implementation Some Multi-Municipal Ramifications

- Similar Internal Ordinance Set-Up
- ◆ Inter-Municipal Agreement for TDR Transfer
- Provision for Receipt of TDRs severed in other municipalities
- Potential special or favored Sending & Receiving Area Qualifications
- Potential Density Multipliers to Adjust for varying TDR values
- Compatible Plan Submittal Procedures